

Practice with your teacher using the information and examples below.

Dialog

- A: What do you do in your free time?
- B: I usually read books.
- A: What kind of **books** do you like? So do I. I really like **science fiction**.
- B: Really? I like romantic books.
- A: What's your favorite book?
- B: Romeo and Juliet.

Dialog

W: What do you do in your free time?

M: I always listen to music. I'm crazy about it.

W: So am I. I really like rock'n roll. What kind of music do

you like?

M: I like classical music.

W: What's your favorite classical music?

M: Mozart's music.





Talk with your teacher.

What do you do do for fun?
Do you go to concerts? How often?
Do you like exercise?
What exercises do you do?
Do you like sports?







l like playing go-stop. So do l. 나는 고스톱을 좋아합니다. 나도 그래요.

do는 like를 대신한 동사이다.

'crazy about~'는 좋아하는 정도가 매우 열렬한 것을 나타낼 때 쓴다. 좋아하는 정도를 나타낼 때 like는 '좋아하다','마음에 든다'는 뜻이고, love는 매우 좋아한다는 표현으로 쓰인다.

VOC

hate 싫어하다 buff; fanatic; nut 광적으로 좋아하는 사람 not at all 전혀 ~ 않다 neither, not either ~도 또한 아닌 blues (울적한) 블루스 (노래곡) rap 내뱉듯이 노래하기



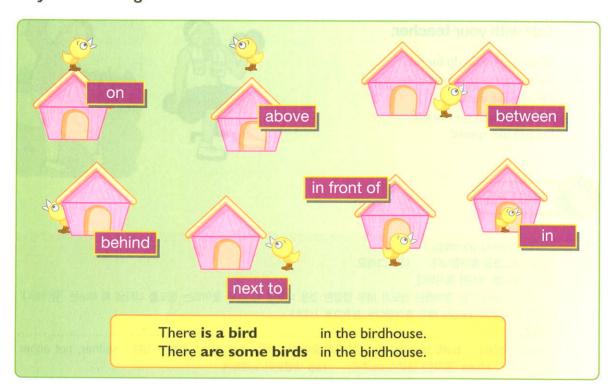
There are some birds in the birdhouse.

Describing Locations / Prepositions





Say the following:





Speak with your teacher using information from the box below for the words written in bold in the Dialog.



a coffee table

a bed

a DVD player

a big mirror

a lamp

a couch

a bookshelf an end table

CDs

a closet/wardrobe

a TV set

an alarm clock

a musical instrument

a dresser

an audio system an air-conditioner

a telephone

Dialog

A: Is there **a computer** in your home?

B: Yes, there is.

A: Where is it?

B: It is next to the window on the desk.

Dialog

W: There are some birds in the birdhouse.

M: Wow, how cute! How many birds are there?

W: There are 4 in the birdhouse.





Tell your teacher about your ideal room or home using the words 'there is/there are.'



There is+단수 / There are+복수는 '~가 있다'라는 표현을 할 때 쓴다. 이 때, be동사(is/are) 다음에 오는 명사가 주어이다. VOC.....

closet (주로 붙박이) 옷장 dresser 화장대 bookself 책장(선반) lamp (전)등

musical instrument 악기 end table (구석, 침대 머리맡 등에 두는) 소형 탁자



I'm going out! Invitations / Go + suggestive phrases





Say the following:

Can you Why don't we

go to the amusement park?

Do you want to

I'd like that!

That sounds like fun!

That sounds terrific/wonderful!

Why not?

I'd love to, but I can't. I'd like to, but I can't.

Sorry, but I have to work.





Speak with your teacher using information from the box below for the words written in bold in the Dialog.

Inviting

go to the movies

go bowling

go out for drinking

go hiking in the mountains

go to a sauna

Possible excuses for declining

go to a birthday party study for finals/mid-terms/an exam take care of my baby sister help my mom prepare for the party meet my boyfriend/girlfriend work

Dialog

A: Can you go out?

B: Let me check my schedule. Oh, I'd love to, but I can't. I have to **visit my grandparents**.

A: How about tomorrow?

B: Sounds great. What time?

A: Let's meet at 7 in front of the New York Bakery.

B: Okay, see you there.

Dialog

W: What are you doing tonight?

M: I'm going out!





Tell your teacher about yourself

What do you like to do with people? Do you go dancing or drinking often?





'~합시다'라고 제안을 할 때 상대와의 친밀함 정도에 따라 Would you like to + 동사(격식적)?, Can you~?. Why don't we~?, Do you want to~?를 사용한다

How about+명사? (~는 어때?) 역시 제안이나 권유를 할 때 사용한다. I'd love to ~하고싶다 Why not? = Sure, 그러죠. VOC.

amusement 놀이, 즐거움 inviting 초대하기 accepting 수락하기 declining 거절하기 excuse 변명 go hiking in the mountains 등산가다 finals 기말시험 mid-terms 중간시험 take care of ~을 돌보다



Blood is thicker than water.

Family / Wh-questions





Say the following:

